

# Crop IPM Profile

A NEWSLETTER FOR NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS GROWERS

Information can be accessed from the following web sites:

Department of Entomology: <http://entowww.tamu.edu>

Texas Pest Management Association: [www.texag.net](http://www.texag.net)

Ellis County Web Site: <http://ellis-tx.tamu.edu>

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## Armyworm Alert

Lower temperatures and scattered thunderstorms over the past several weeks have been optimum for armyworm outbreaks. During the past week fall armyworms have been observed in newly emerged small grains, pasture and volunteer corn. **Producers will want to inspect early planted wheat for the presence of armyworm larvae and foliage loss.** Often when large infestations occur on other host plants, fall armyworm moths may deposit egg masses in seedling small grains. Small larvae feed on leaf tissue, creating tiny window panes in

leaves. Larger larvae consume entire leaves and are more difficult to control. **Control in newly emerged small grains should be made when infestations threaten the stand.** Insecticides applied in late afternoon or evening can improve control. Some insecticides include; Carbaryl (Sevin XLR Plus at 1 pt./ac, Sevin 80S at 1.25 lbs./ac, Baythroid 2 at 1.8 ozs./ac, Warrior at 2.56 ozs./ac, and Tracer at 1.5 ozs./ac. Be sure to read the label and follow all precautions, particularly waiting intervals between application and grazing.

